

Consolidated exposure scenario based on exposure scenarios of used raw materials	
<b>Section 1- Name</b>	
<b>Sector of use</b>	SU3
<b>Process category PROC</b>	PROC1, PROC2, PROC3, PROC4, PROC5, PROC7, PROC8a, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC10, PROC13, PROC15
<b>Environmental release category</b>	ERC04
<b>Section 2 – Exposure scenarios</b>	
<b>Product characteristics</b>	
Physical state	liquid
Maximum concentration of substance in product (%)	100
<b>2.1 Control of environmental exposure</b>	
<b>Amount used</b>	
Annual site tonnage (t/year)	2500
Maximum daily site tonnage (kg/day)	16000
<b>Frequency and duration of use</b>	
Emission days - systematically release (days/year)	300
<b>Environment factors not influenced by risk management</b>	
Local marine water dilution factor	100
Local freshwater dilution factor	10
<b>The input receiving surface water flow (m3/d)</b>	Is not relevant. Discharge of wastewater into surface water is not expected.
<b>Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil</b>	
Risk from environmental exposure is driven by (type of environmental)	soil, freshwater sediment
Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of (%)	Is not relevant. Wastewater treatment at local WWTPs is not expected. Waste water is disposed of as hazardous waste.
Efficiency of air emission (%)	90
<b>Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site</b>	Do not apply industrial sludge (possibly solid waste) to natural soil. The sludge should be burned, monitored or reclaimed. Avoid the discharge of sewage into sewers, surface water and municipal or local WWTPs.

<b>Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant</b>	Is not relevant. Avoid discharging wastewater into municipal WWTPs	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal</b>	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.	
<b>Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste</b>	External treatment and disposal of waste should be in accordance with applicable local and / or national regulations.	
2.2 Control of works exposure		
<b>Frequency and duration of use</b>		
Daily maximum exposure (h)	8	
Number of day in the week	5	
<b>Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure</b>		
Maximum increase of temperature during the use in comparison with ambient temperature (°C)	20	
Implementation of good basic level of occupational hygiene	Yes	
Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure		Contributing exposure scenario controlling worker exposure
<b>General measures</b>	Follow the instructions in Section 2 (P-phrases) with respect to a specific risk. Use the protective equipment listed in section 8. If the product is flammable, observe the fire regulations and the instructions given in this Safety Data Sheet.	
<b>PROC1: General exposures (closed systems)</b>	Handle substance within a closed system. Ensure a good level of total ventilation (at least 3 to 5 times per hour to replace the air). Eye protection: Safety glasses with side protection (DIN EN 166)	
<b>PROC1: General exposures (closed systems), with sampling</b>		
<b>PROC2: Processes at higher temperature (20°C above ambient temperature) - film formation, force drying, drying, curing, etc.</b>	Ensure a good level of total ventilation (at least 10 to 15 times per hour to replace the air) or use an EN140 compliant respirator with A / P2 or higher quality filter. Eye protection: Safety glasses with side protection (DIN EN 166). Hand protection:	
<b>PROC3: Material preparation, filling from drums and containers, mixing activities - closed system</b>	Wear suitable gloves.	

<b>PROC4: Film formation - air drying</b>	
<b>PROC5: Material preparation, mixing activities (opened systems)</b>	
<b>PROC8b: Material transfer, filling/draining in specialized equipment</b>	
<b>PROC8a: Material transfer, filling/draining in unspecialized equipment</b>	
<b>PROC9: Transfer of material from small vessels, filling lines specialized (reduced exposure)</b>	
<b>PROC7: Spraying (automatic/robotic)</b>	Perform in ventilated chambers with laminar airflow. Eye protection: Safety glasses with side protection (DIN EN 166)
<b>PROC7: Spraying by manual application</b>	Ensure a good level of total ventilation (at least 10 to 15 times per hour to replace the air) or use an EN140 compliant respirator with A / P2 or higher quality filter. Eye protection: Safety glasses with side protection (DIN EN 166). Hand protection: Wear suitable gloves.
<b>PROC10: Roller, sprayer, flow, brush application</b>	
<b>PROC13: Dipping, immersion and pouring</b>	
<b>PROC15: Laboratory activities</b>	
<b>PROC8a: Clean-down and maintenance of equipment</b>	Before shutting down equipment or maintenance rinse and drain the system. Eye protection: Safety glasses with side protection (DIN EN 166). Hand protection: Wear suitable gloves.
<b>PROC1, PROC2: Storage</b>	Storage in closed system. Eye protection: Safety glasses with side protection (DIN EN 166). Hand protection: Wear suitable gloves.
<b>Section 3 – Exposure estimation</b>	
<b>3.1 Health</b>	For exposure estimation was used tool ECETOC TRA. If the DN (M) EL values are known, refer to section 8 of the SDS. When the operating conditions are met, RCR <1 is assumed
<b>3.2 Environmental</b>	For exposure estimation was used model EUSES. If the PNEC values are known, refer to section 8 of the SDS. When the operating conditions are met, RCR <1 is assumed
<b>Section 4 – Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario</b>	
<b>4.1 Health</b>	In the case of the application mentioned in section 2 estimates, the exposure will probably not exceed the DN (M) EL values. The instruction is based on assumed operating conditions, which may not apply to all workplaces; it is likely that scaling is required to define appropriate risk management measures at a particular workplace.

	<p>Where risk management / operating conditions are implemented, users should ensure risk management at least at equivalent levels. Scaling, see <a href="http://www.ecetoc.org/tra">http://www.ecetoc.org/tra</a></p>
<b>4.2 Environmental</b>	<p>The recommendation is based on assumed operating conditions, which may not apply to all locations; therefore, scaling may be necessary to define suitable site-specific risk management measures.</p> <p>For more information on scaling and control technologies, refer to the SpERC Basic Factsheet Overview (<a href="http://cefic.org/en/reachfor-industries-libraries.html">http://cefic.org/en/reachfor-industries-libraries.html</a>).</p>